



the compassion to care, the leadership to conquer

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KNOW THE 10 WARNING SIGNS OF ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE BEFORE HEADING HOME FOR THE HOLIDAYS

Early Detection Empowers Families to Plan for the Future

[Cedar Rapids, IA] – The holiday season is a time families gather and spend quality time with loved ones. It is also a time that can raise questions about the health of family members, cognitive health of aging family members. With Alzheimer's disease in particular, it is important to know what it is and that it is not normal aging. Every individual may experience one or more of the 10 Warning Signs in different degrees (see below). If you notice any of them, please see a doctor.

Alzheimer's Association 10 Warning Signs of Alzheimer's

- 1. Memory loss that disrupts daily life.** One of the most common signs of Alzheimer's is memory loss, especially forgetting recently learned information. Others include forgetting important dates or events; asking for the same information over and over; relying on memory aides (e.g., reminder notes or electronic devices) or family members for things they used to handle on one's own.
What's typical: Sometimes forgetting names or appointments, but remembering them later.
- 2. Challenges in planning or solving problems.** Some people may experience changes in their ability to develop and follow a plan or work with numbers. They may have trouble following a familiar recipe or keeping track of monthly bills. They may have difficulty concentrating and take much longer to do things than they did before.
What's typical: Making occasional errors when balancing a checkbook.
- 3. Difficulty completing familiar tasks at home, at work or at leisure.** People with Alzheimer's often find it hard to complete daily tasks. Sometimes, people may have trouble driving to a familiar location, managing a budget at work or remembering the rules of a favorite game.
What's typical: Occasionally needing help to use the settings on a microwave or to record a television show.
- 4. Confusion with time or place.** People with Alzheimer's can lose track of dates, seasons and the passage of time. They may have trouble understanding something if it is not happening immediately. Sometimes they may forget where they are or how they got there.
What's typical: Getting confused about the day of the week but figuring it out later.
- 5. Trouble understanding visual images and spatial relationships.** For some people, having vision problems is a sign of Alzheimer's. They may have difficulty reading, judging distance and

determining color or contrast. In terms of perception, they may pass a mirror and think someone else is in the room. They may not realize they are the person in the mirror.

What's typical: Vision changes related to cataracts.

- 6. New problems with words in speaking or writing.** People with Alzheimer's may have trouble following or joining a conversation. They may stop in the middle of a conversation and have no idea how to continue or they may repeat themselves. They may struggle with vocabulary, have problems finding the right word or call things by the wrong name (e.g., calling a "watch" a "hand-clock").

What's typical: Sometimes having trouble finding the right word.

- 7. Misplacing things and losing the ability to retrace steps.** A person with Alzheimer's disease may put things in unusual places. They may lose things and be unable to go back over their steps to find them again. Sometimes, they may accuse others of stealing. This may occur more frequently over time.

What's typical: Misplacing things from time to time, such as a pair of glasses or the remote control.

- 8. Decreased or poor judgment.** People with Alzheimer's may experience changes in judgment or decision-making. For example, they may use poor judgment when dealing with money, giving large amounts to telemarketers. They may pay less attention to grooming or keeping themselves clean.

What's typical: Making a bad decision once in a while.

- 9. Withdrawal from work or social activities.** A person with Alzheimer's may start to remove themselves from hobbies, social activities, work projects or sports. They may have trouble keeping up with a favorite sports team or remembering how to complete a favorite hobby. They may also avoid being social because of the changes they have experienced.

What's typical: Sometimes feeling weary of work, family and social obligations.

- 10. Changes in mood and personality.** The mood and personalities of people with Alzheimer's can change. They can become confused, suspicious, depressed, fearful or anxious. They may be easily upset at home, at work, with friends or in places where they are out of their comfort zone.

What's typical: Developing very specific ways of doing things and becoming irritable when a routine is disrupted.

“Memory loss that disrupts everyday life such as forgetting recently learned information to the point of asking for the same information over and over or relying on memory aides is *not* a typical part of aging. It may be a sign of Alzheimer's disease,” said Kelly Hauer, Executive Director of the Alzheimer's Association East Central Iowa Chapter. “By getting diagnosed late in the progression of the disease, opportunities are missed to make key decisions about treatment, care and future planning. Being diagnosed early is vital to receiving the best help and care possible.”

Early diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease or other dementias is an important step in getting appropriate treatment, care and support services, following are additional benefits to receiving a diagnosis as early as possible:

- Benefit from treatments that may improve symptoms and help maintain a level of independence longer.
- Have more time to plan for the future.
- Increase chances of successfully finding a clinical drug trial through Alzheimer's Association TrialMatch, helping advance research.
- Participate in decisions about their care, transportation, living options, financial and legal matters.
- Develop a relationship with doctors and care partners.

- Benefit from care and support services, making it easier for them and their family to manage the disease.

Anyone with questions about Alzheimer's disease and/or seeking information should contact the Alzheimer's Association's 24/7 toll-free helpline at 800.272.3900. Experts are available to take calls from individuals concerned with their own cognitive health as well as from family members and friends who may be concerned about a loved ones and seeking resources.

The Alzheimer's Association

The Alzheimer's Association is the world's leading voluntary health organization in Alzheimer care, support and research. Our mission is to eliminate Alzheimer's disease through the advancement of research, to provide and enhance care and support for all affected, and to reduce the risk of dementia through the promotion of brain health. Our vision is a world without Alzheimer's. Visit alz.org or call 800-272-3900.

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