

## THE TOOL KIT CONSISTS OF 5 DOCUMENTS: Script for Use What Is the My History Form My Future Form Dementia Tool Observation Form **Kit**\$ Behavioral Communication Flow Chart Plan of Action

Why Use The Dementia Tool Kit ?

- PROMOTE SELF-ADVOCACY IN
   PREPARATION FOR WHEN
   INDIVIDUALS NO LONGER ARE
   ABLE TO DO SO
- SO LOVED ONES LIVING WITH DEMENTIA CAN HAVE PERSONALIZED SUPPORTS
- FOR CAREGIVERS TO UNDERSTAND
   THE PREFERENCES OF THE
   INDIVIDUALS THEY SUPPORT

## The Dementia Tool Kit Support **Understanding:**

- $\blacktriangleright$  The type & level of dementia ...  $\mathbf{NOW}$
- ► The person & who they have been
- ► Personality, preferences & history
- ► Other medical conditions & sensory status
- ► The environment setting, sound, sights
- ► The whole day... how things fit together
- People How the helper helps -
- ► Approach, behaviors, words, actions, & reactions

## Does the Dementia Tool Kit Work? Care Plans w/ Dementia Related Use of As Needed **Dementia Focus** Incidents Medications Partial Tool Kit completed (no Action Plan): Additional **reduction** reported in use of medications for: In a test population of 145 individuals: 63% had plans of care created w/ dementia focused supports 53% fewer occurrences Anxiety Agitation Full Tool Kit completed Aggression 73% fewer occurrences THE INDIVIDUAL CAN COMPLETE THE MY HISTORY AND MY FUTURE FORMS FOR THEMSELVES I THE INDIVIDUAL'S FAMILY/ LEGAL DECISION MAKER CAN COMPLETE THE PERSONAL HISTORY AND MY FUTURE FORMS FOR THE INDIVIDUAL How Is The Toolkit Used? g YOU AND YOUR WORKERS MAY PARTNER TO COMPLETE THE PERSONAL HISTORY AND MY FUTURE FORMS THE GOAL IS FOR INDIVIDUALS TO RECEIVE QUALITY CARE AND CONTINUED QUALITY OF LIFE EXPERIENCE.

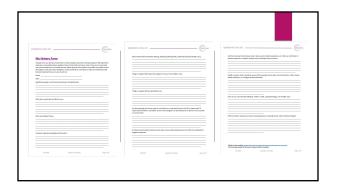
**II** ADVOCACY IS AN ESSENTIAL

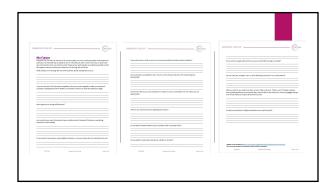
STEP IN QUALITY OF CARE.

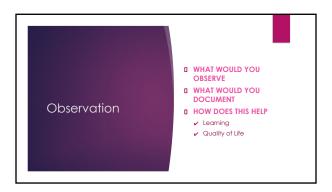
IT IS KEY THAT INDIVIDUALS HAVE
 A VOICE IN HOW THEIR SUPPORT
 NETWORK COMMUNICATES
 HOW CARE NEEDS ARE MET.

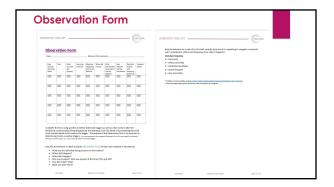
My History & My

**Future Forms** 









## - Individuals communicate using their words, hand/body gesturing and behaviors to express unmet needs such as discomfort or pain, anxiety, sadness feelings of loss, fear and positives such as excitement, joy, wonderment. - When it becomes a "problem" is when the caregiver struggles to fully understand the communication from someone with a dementia dx to best support them and meet their needs.

