



cognitive decline in Michigan

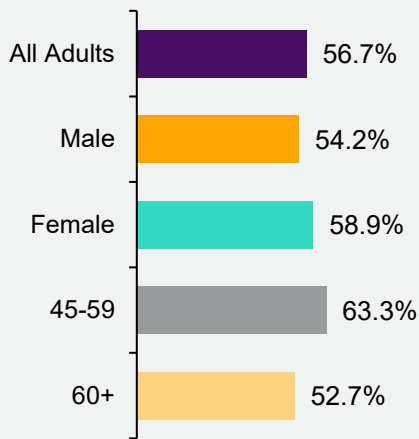
DATA FROM THE 2024 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Michigan, 16.9% of adults 45 and older are experiencing subjective cognitive decline (SCD) – that is, thinking or memory problems that are getting worse.

Among those with SCD...

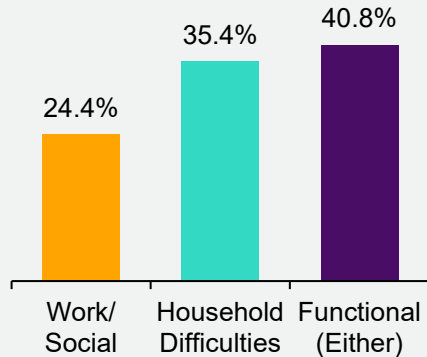
56.7% are worried about it.

Percentage with SCD who are worried



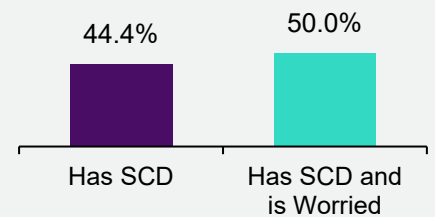
40.8% say it causes functional difficulties.

Percentage with SCD who have limitations

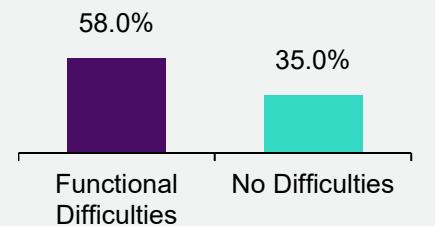


Only 44.4% have talked to a health professional about it.

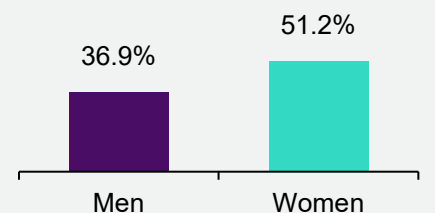
Percentage who have spoken to a health care provider



Those who are experiencing functional difficulties are more likely to talk to a provider . . .

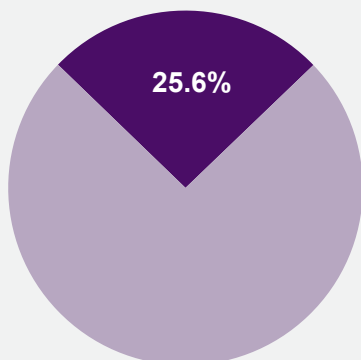


Women tend to be more likely to discuss their SCD with a provider when compared with men . . .



25.6% live alone.

Percentage with SCD who live alone



Percentage with SCD:

| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Female | 16.7% |
| Male | 17.0% |
| 60 and older | 17.1% |
| <High School | 27.9% |
| High School Grad | 16.0% |
| Some College | 18.7% |
| College Grad | 13.4% |
| Income <\$25,000 | 30.9% |
| \$25,000 - \$49,999 | 16.1% |
| \$50,000 - \$74,999 | 17.6% |
| \$75,000 - \$99,999 | 15.6% |
| \$100,000 or more | 7.2% |
| Veteran | 24.7% |
| Unable to Work | 39.5% |