



cognitive decline in Georgia

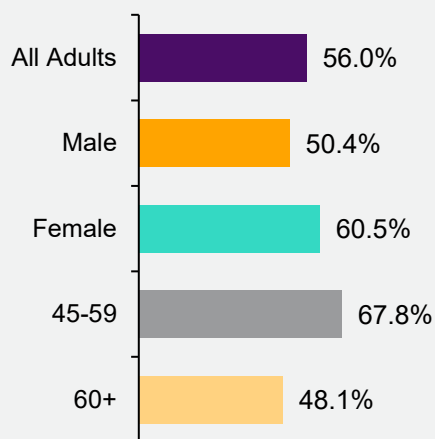
DATA FROM THE 2023 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Georgia, 18.8% of adults 45 and older are experiencing subjective cognitive decline (SCD) – that is, thinking or memory problems that are getting worse.

Among those with SCD...

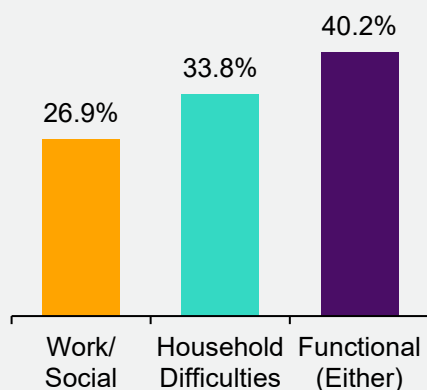
56% are worried about it.

Percentage with SCD who are worried



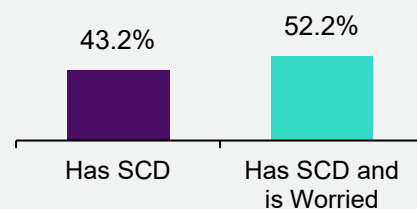
40.2% say it causes difficulties.

Percentage with SCD who have limitations

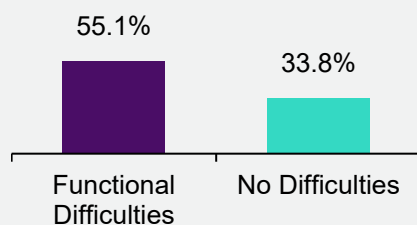


Only 43.2% have talked to a health professional about it.

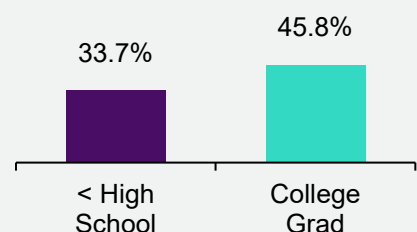
Percentage who have spoken to a health care provider



Those who are experiencing functional difficulties are more likely to talk to a provider . . .

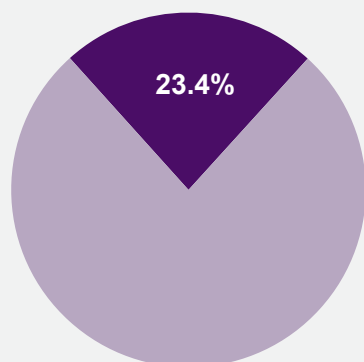


Those without a high school education are least likely to talk to a provider . . .



23.4% live alone.

Percentage with SCD who live alone



Percentage with SCD:

Female	19.0%
Male	18.5%
60 and older	19.1%
<High School	23.1%
High School	20.2%
Some College	17.7%
College Grad	16.9%
Income <\$15,000	33.0%
\$15,000 - \$24,999	32.9%
\$25,000 - \$49,999	18.6%
\$50,000 - \$74,999	16.4%
\$75,000 or more	14.3%
Veteran	24.3%
Fair/Poor Health	33.5%