EFFECT OF COVID-19 ON PEOPLE WITH ALZHEIMER’S AND DEMENTIA

In 2020 there were at least **42,740**
more deaths than expected from
ALZHEIMER’S DISEASE and DEMENTIA.

More than **1,315,000**
COVID-19 CASES have been reported in long-term care settings.

**34%** of total COVID-19 DEATHS in the United States have been long-term care residents or workers.

**48%**
of nursing home residents
HAVE DEMENTIA.

**42%**
of all individuals in residential care communities, including assisted living facilities, HAVE DEMENTIA.

More than **95%** of people with Alzheimer’s or another dementia have chronic conditions — including conditions that increase the likelihood of severe illness due to COVID-19.

**12%** of Medicare* beneficiaries have been diagnosed with dementia.

Yet, as of November 2020, **32%** of Medicare* beneficiaries hospitalized for COVID-19 had a dementia diagnosis.

**CAREGIVERS** may receive less outside assistance, adding to already-high levels of caregiver strain.

**INDIVIDUALS** living with dementia may be especially isolated and may have trouble communicating virtually, potentially causing more rapid cognitive decline.

*Medicare fee-for-service

alzimpact.org/covid19  |  alz.org/covid19help