

ALZHEIMER'S: A PUBLIC HEALTH ISSUE

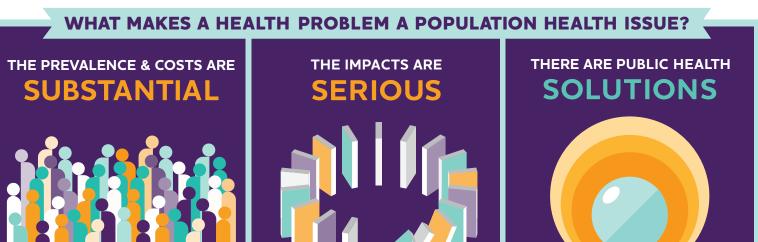


Public health works on a

POPULATION LEVEL

to protect and improve the health and well-being of entire communities





PUBLIC HEALTH ADDRESSES ALZHEIMER'S BY





PROMOTING BRAIN HEALTH









INCREASING ACCESS
TO EARLY DETECTION
AND DIAGNOSIS









SUPPORTING PEOPLE LIVING WITH DEMENTIA AND THEIR CAREGIVERS





- Nearly 7 million Americans are living with Alzheimer's. By 2050, this number is projected to rise to nearly 13 million.
- More than 95% of people living with dementia also have at least one other chronic condition.
- Ten percent of adults aged 45 and older report subjective cognitive decline, one of the earliest warning signs of Alzheimer's disease.
- More than 11 million caregivers provide over 18 billion hours of care valued at over \$346.6 billion.

Annual costs exceed a quarter of a trillion dollars and costs are expected to rise to nearly \$1 trillion in 2050.

Medicare and Medicaid bear two-thirds of the health and long term care costs of those living with Alzheimer's.



THERE ARE PUBLIC HEALTH SOLUTIONS:

PROMOTE BRAIN HEALTH

INCREASE ACCESS TO EARLY DETECTION AND DIAGNOSIS

Two-thirds of adults have one or more of the five major risk factors for dementia (physical inactivity, hypertension, diabetes, obesity and/or smoking).

Over half of adults reporting subjective cognitive decline have not consulted a health care professional.

Using public health approaches can help communities find ways to increase healthy behaviors.

As disease modifying treatments and new diagnostic tests become available, public health approaches can increase health care access and improve patient-physician communication to address this gap.

SUPPORT PEOPLE LIVING WITH DEMENTIA AND THEIR CAREGIVERS

An estimated 65% of older adults facing dementia live at home or in the community, and more than a third of dementia caregivers report worsening health as a result of their caregiving duties.

Increasing community-clinical linkages through public health approaches can ensure caregivers are identified and have access to supports and services to care for themselves and their care partner.

ALZHEIMER'S \ ASSOCIATION



For more information: alz.org/publichealth