



cognitive decline in georgia

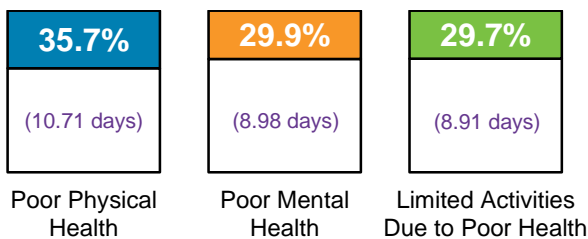
DATA FROM THE 2012 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Georgia, 14.7 percent – more than one in seven – of those aged 45 and over report that they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse.

Nearly 80 percent of them have not talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, nearly 45 percent say it has interfered with household activities and/or work or social activities.

Portion of last 30 days, on average, people with memory problems experienced . . .

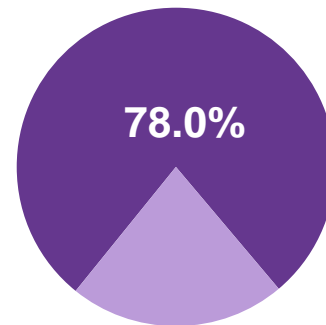


Characteristics of those with memory problems

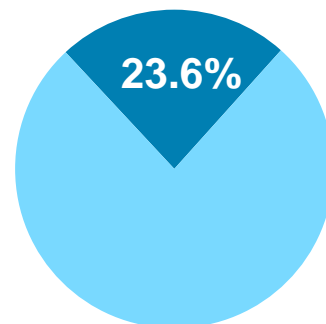
Disabled	60.0%
In Fair/Poor Health	48.2%
Ever Had Depression	40.8%
Smoke	22.8%

This Fact Sheet is supported by Cooperative Agreement #5U58DP002945-04 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Its contents are solely the responsibility of the Alzheimer's Association and do not necessarily represent the official views of the CDC.

Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider



Percent with memory problems who live alone



Percent with memory problems who say it creates difficulties and burden

