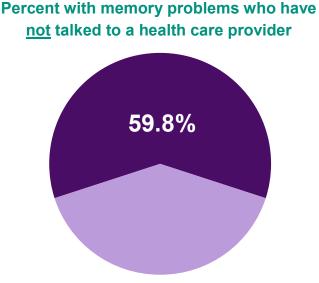
alzheimer's & association cognitive decline in new jersey

DATA FROM THE 2017 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In New Jersey, 9.7 percent—one in ten—of those aged 45 and over report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

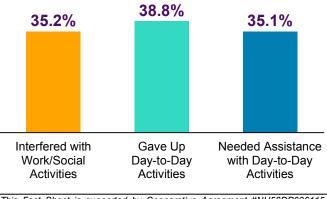
Nearly 60 percent of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 48.4 percent say it has created "functional difficulties"—that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities.



Percent of Those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline											
All	<u>Gei</u>	<u>nder</u>	Age					Educational Attainment			
9.7%	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>45-59</u>	<u>60-64</u>	<u>65-74</u>	<u>75-79</u>	<u>80+</u>	< High <u>School</u>	High <u>School</u>	Some <u>College</u>	College <u>Grad</u>
	11.5%	8.2%	8.8%	10.7%	8.6%	10.3%	15.6%	20.6%	10.4%	10.0%	5.8%

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden



This Fact Sheet is supported by Cooperative Agreement #NU58DP006115 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Its contents are solely the responsibility of the Alzheimer's Association and do not necessarily represent the official views of the CDC.

