

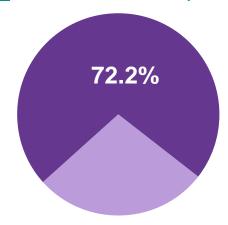
## cognitive decline in georgia

## DATA FROM THE 2013 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Georgia, 12.1 percent – nearly one in eight – of those aged 45 and over report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse.

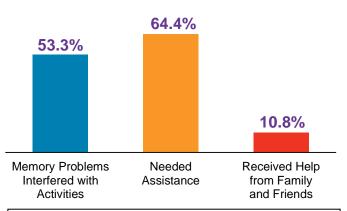
More than 70 percent of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, more than half say it has interfered with household activities and/or work or social activities. Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider

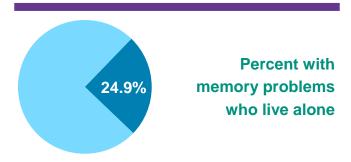


## Percent of Those Aged 45+ Reporting Worsening Memory Problems in Previous 12 Months All Gender **Educational Attainment** Age < High Hiah Some College 65-74 Men Women 45-54 55-64 <u>75+</u> School School College Grad 12.1% 10.0% 11.5% 12.6% 11.9% 13.7% 11.9% 17.5% 12.0% 13.2% 7.6%

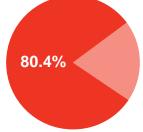
## Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden



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Percent with memory problems who have at least one other chronic condition\*



\*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes